

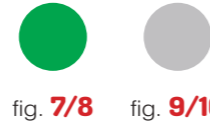
Incisivi - Canini
Incisors - Canines



Incisivi - Canini - Premolari
Incisors - Canines - Premolars



Premolari - Molari
Premolars - Molars



Premolari - Molari - Superficie mesiale
Premolars - Molars - Mesial surface



Premolari - Molari - Superficie distale
Premolars - Molars - Distal surface

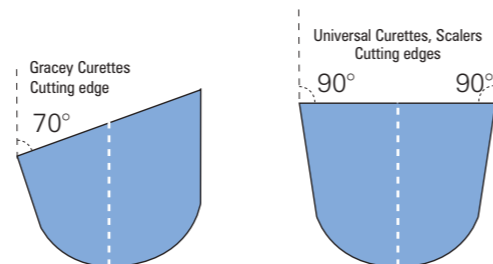
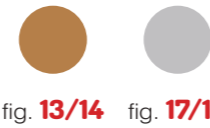


fig. 1/2
3400.L0.01/02

fig. 3/4
3400.L0.03/04

fig. 5/6
3400.L0.05/06

fig. 7/8
3400.L0.07/08

fig. 9/10
3400.L0.09/10

fig. 11/12
3400.L0.11/12

fig. 13/14
3400.L0.13/14

fig. 15/16
3400.L0.15/16

fig. 17/18
3400.L0.17/18

Gracey Curettes

Sono state progettate per adattarsi ad aree e superfici specifiche. Le lame sono affilate a 70° gradi rispetto al gambo e solo da una parte. Permettono di rimuovere il tartaro più profondo, levigare la superficie delle radici e rimuovere i residui dentali.

Are designed to adapt to specific anatomical areas and surfaces for sub-gingival scaling. The blades are sharpened to 70 degrees with respect to the stem and only on one side. They allow you to remove tartar deeper, smooth the surface and remove residual dental roots.

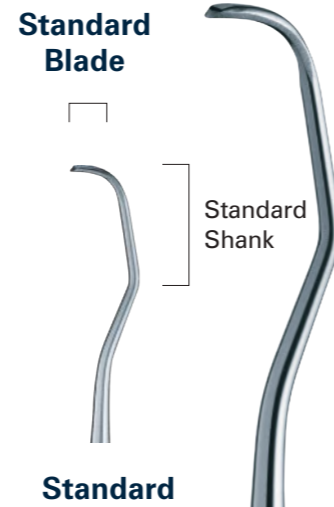
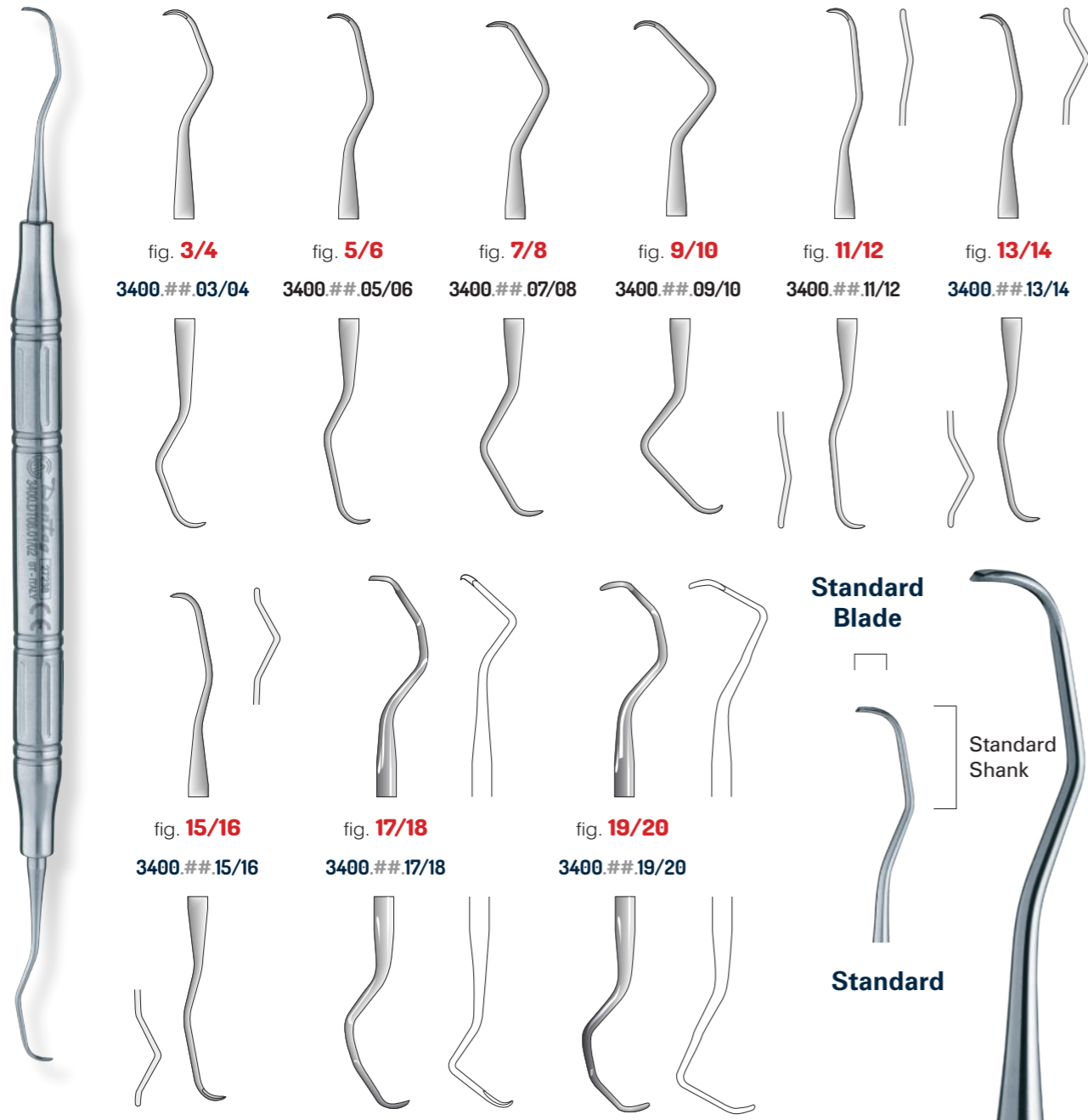


fig. 1/2
3400.##.01/02
Gracey curettes disponibili in versione rigida con codice 3402
Gracey curettes with rigid tips availables with code 3402

Curettes
Strumenti usati per rimuovere il tartaro subgingivale, levigare la superficie delle radici e le superfici morbide delle tasche. Le curettes hanno una parte lavorante a forma di cucchiaio, con dorso arrotondato ed i due bordi taglienti convergenti in una punta arrotondata.

Curettes
Instruments for removing sub-gingival calculus, for smoothing the surface of roots and soft surfaces of pockets. Curettes have a spoon-shaped working end, with a rounded back and cutting edges that converge in a rounded tip.

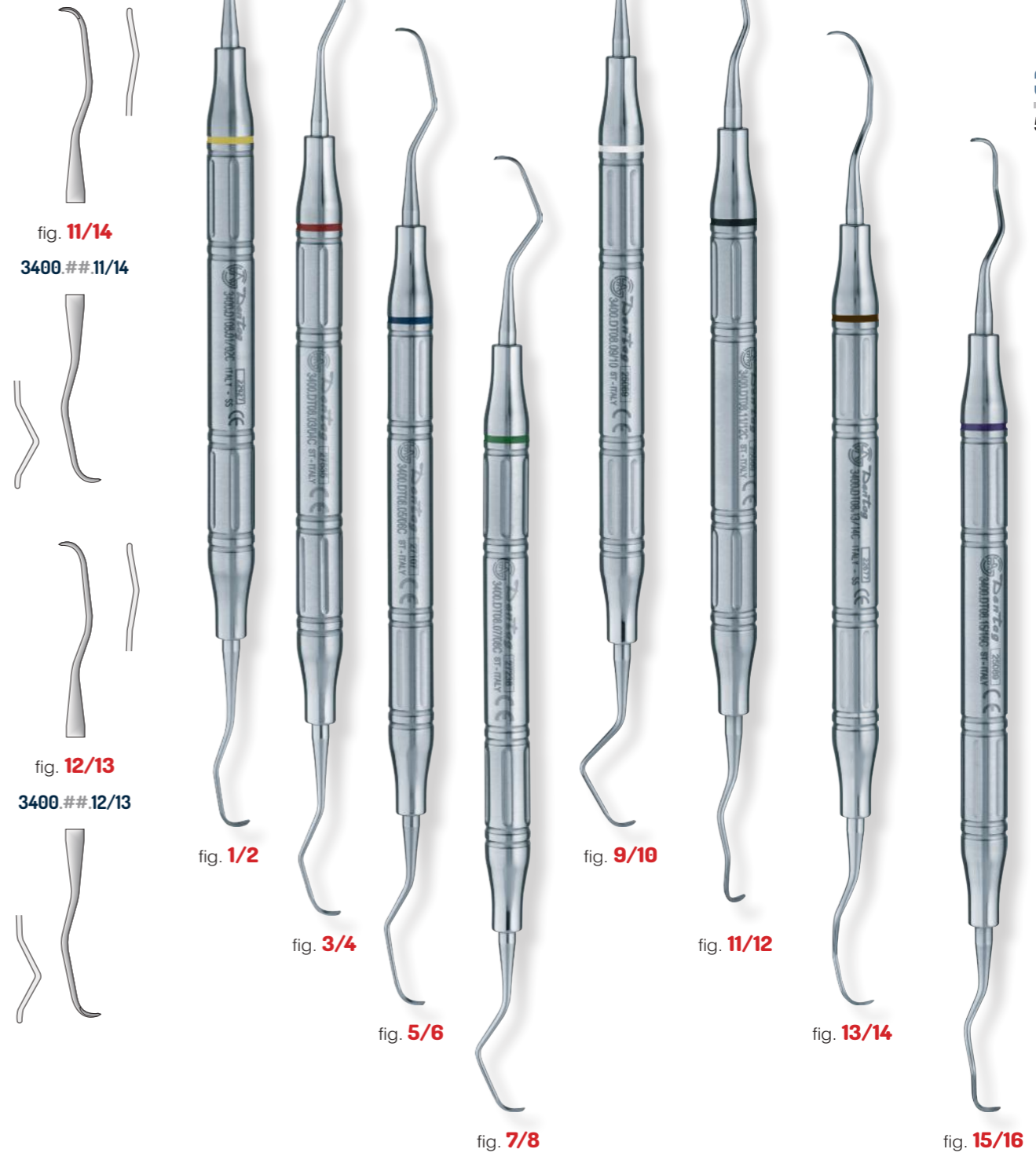


fig. 1/2 ● 3400.##.01/02 Col
fig. 3/4 ● 3400.##.03/04 Col
fig. 5/6 ● 3400.##.05/06 Col
fig. 7/8 ● 3400.##.07/08 Col
fig. 9/10 ○ 3400.##.09/10 Col
fig. 11/12 ● 3400.##.11/12 Col
fig. 13/14 ● 3400.##.13/14 Col
fig. 15/16 ● 3400.##.15/16 Col



34
6

34
7



fig. 1/2
3404.##.01/02

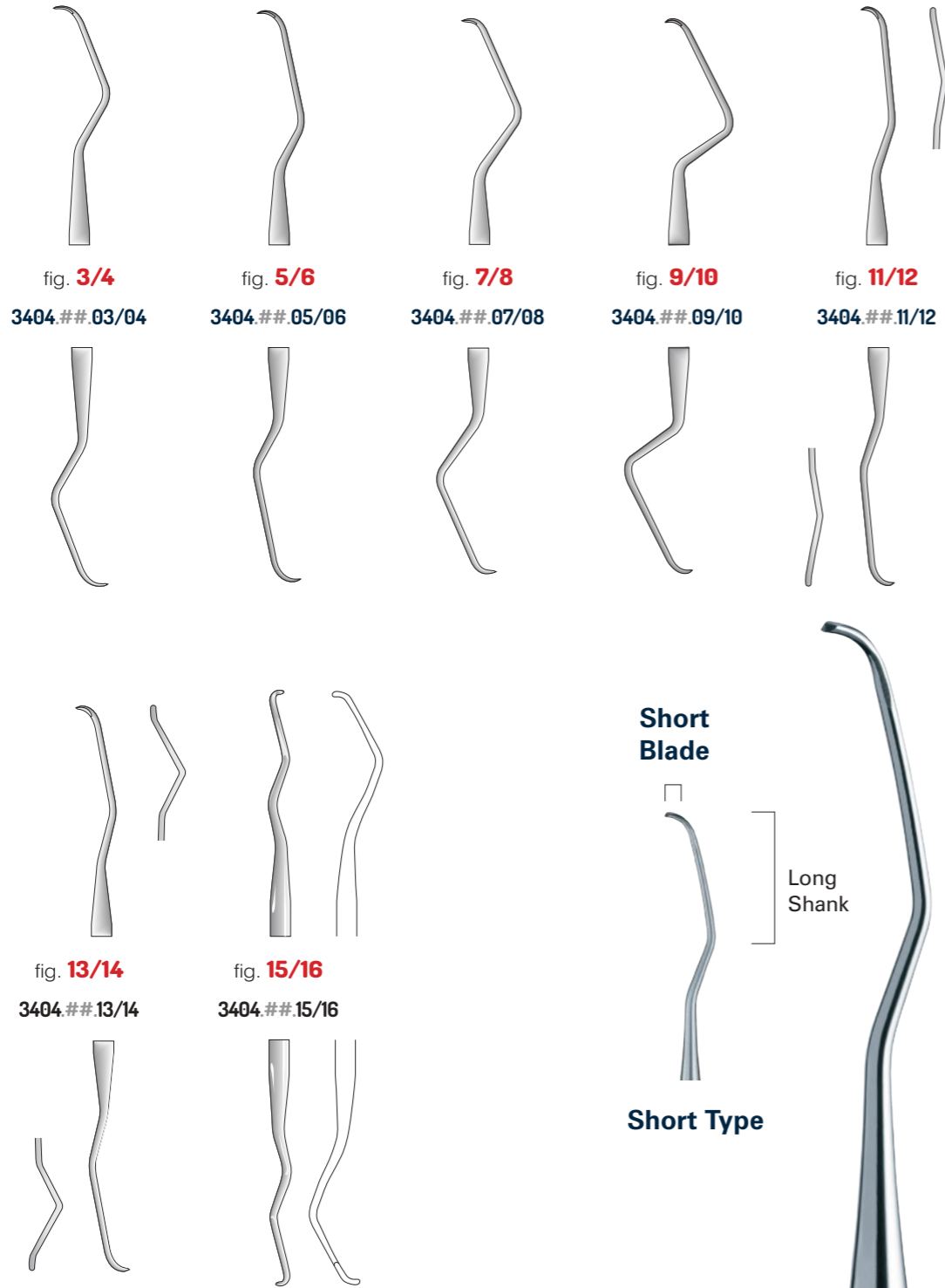
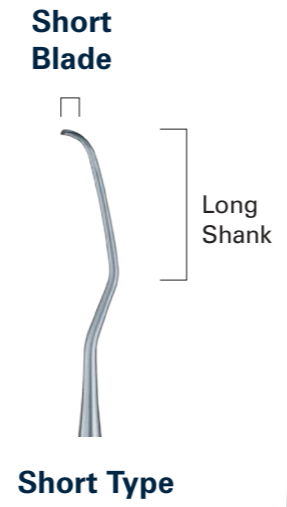


fig. 3/4 3404.##.03/04
fig. 5/6 3404.##.05/06
fig. 7/8 3404.##.07/08
fig. 9/10 3404.##.09/10
fig. 11/12 3404.##.11/12

fig. 13/14 3404.##.13/14
fig. 15/16 3404.##.15/16



I gambi terminali sono allungati per garantire un miglior accesso alle tasche parodontali profonde e alla superficie delle radici. La lunghezza delle lame è ridotta rispetto allo standard Gracey e Long Type per un migliore adattamento alle tasche parodontali strette.

Terminal shanks are elongated for better access into deep periodontal pockets and root surface. The length of the blades is reduced from the Long Type and standard Gracey for better adaptation in narrow pockets.



fig. 1/2
3405.##.01/02

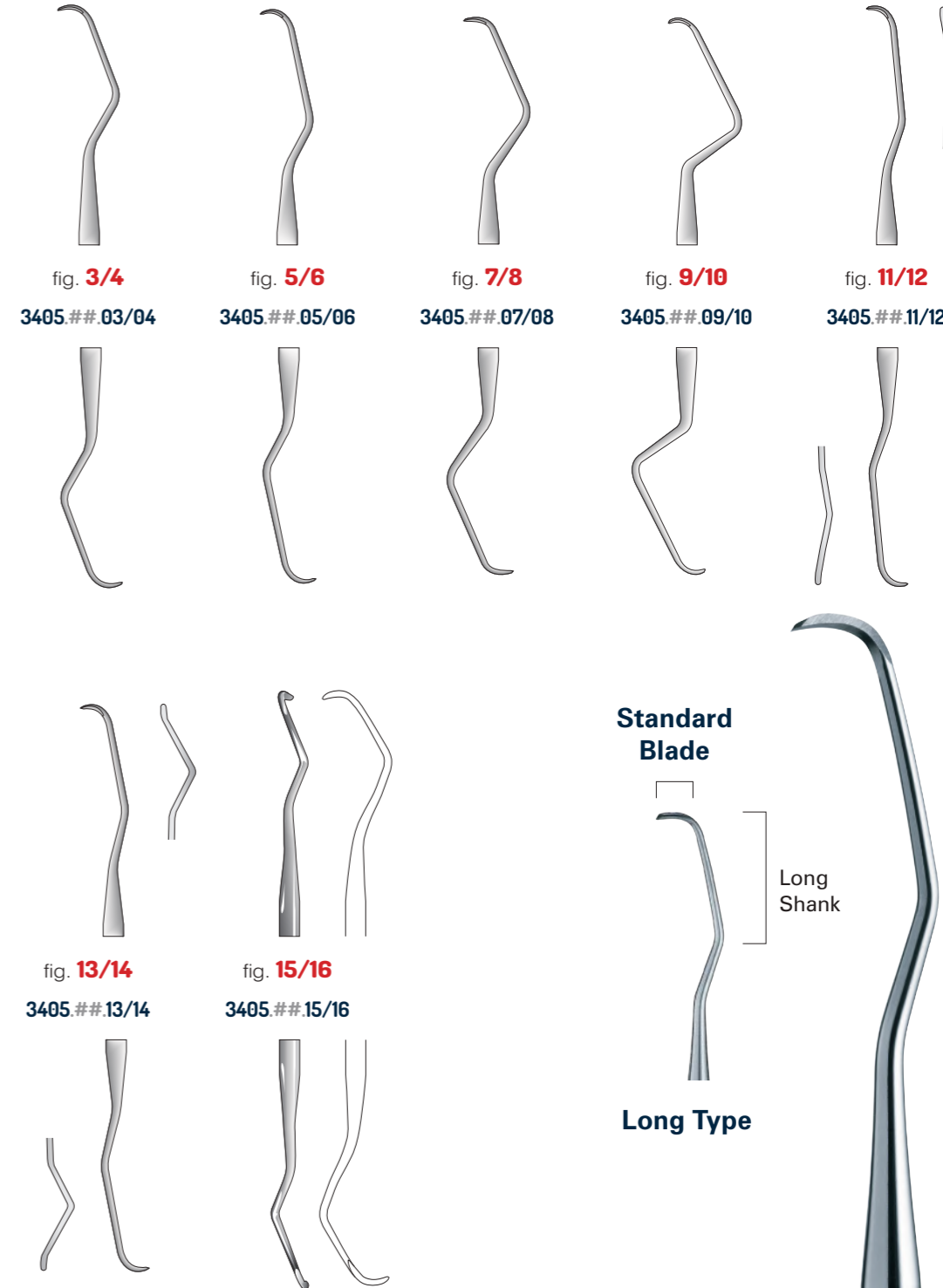
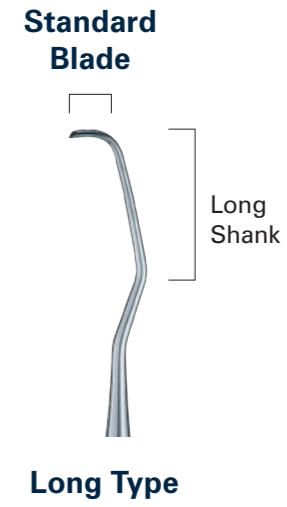


fig. 3/4 3405.##.03/04
fig. 5/6 3405.##.05/06
fig. 7/8 3405.##.07/08
fig. 9/10 3405.##.09/10
fig. 11/12 3405.##.11/12

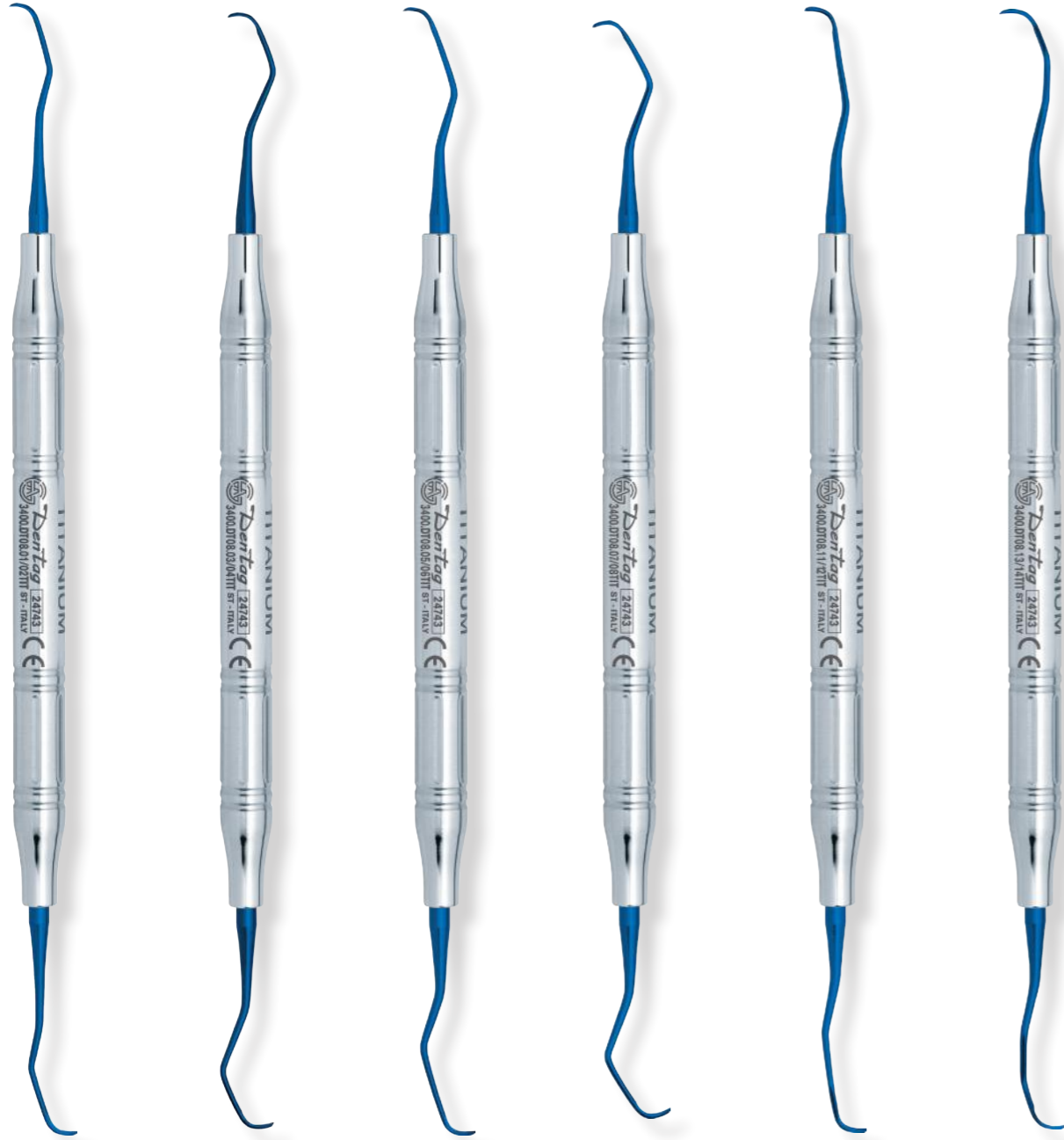
fig. 13/14 3405.##.13/14
fig. 15/16 3405.##.15/16



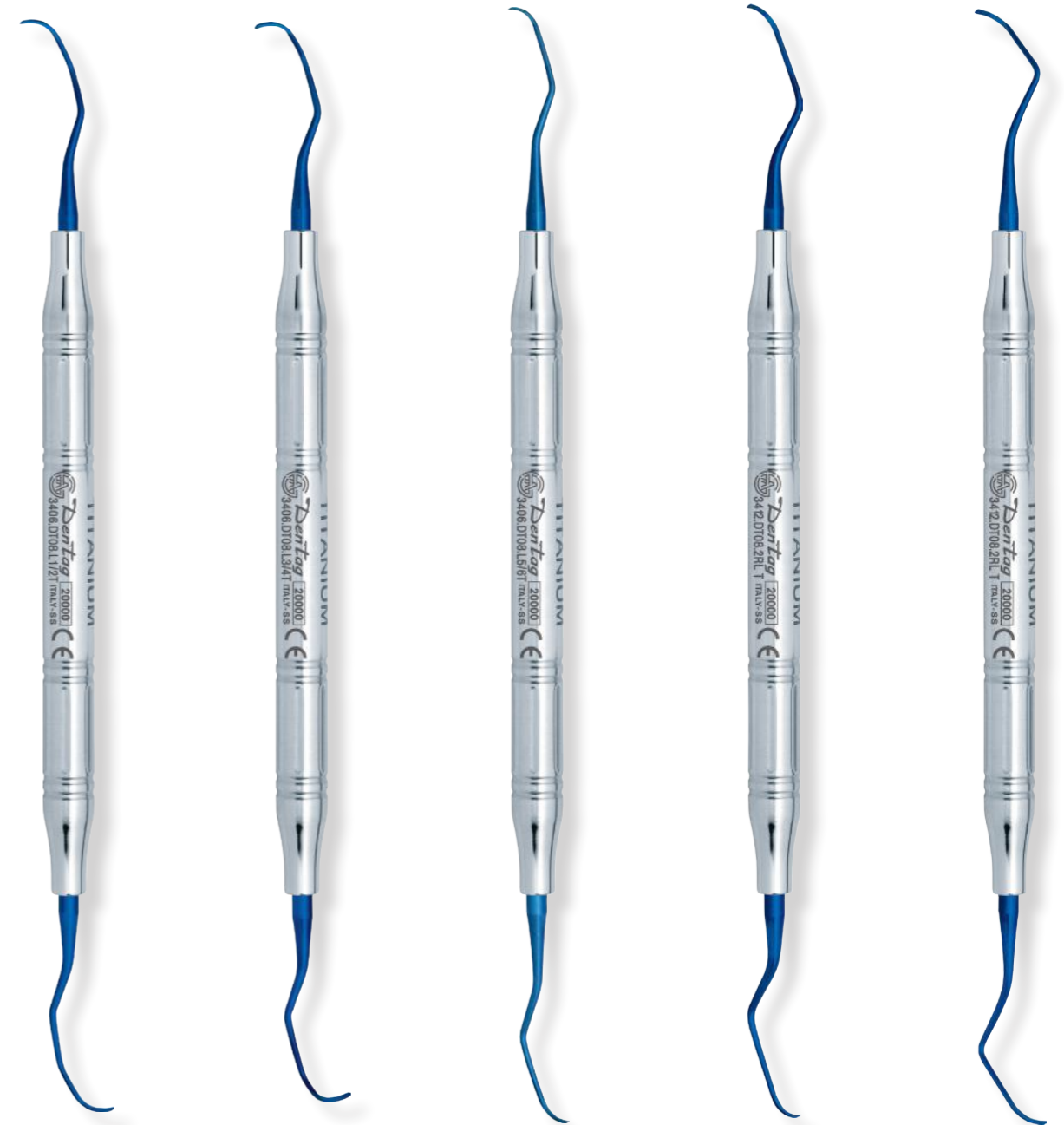
I gambi terminali sono allungati per garantire un miglior accesso alle tasche parodontali profonde e alla superficie delle radici.

Terminal shanks are elongated for better access into deep periodontal pockets and root surface.



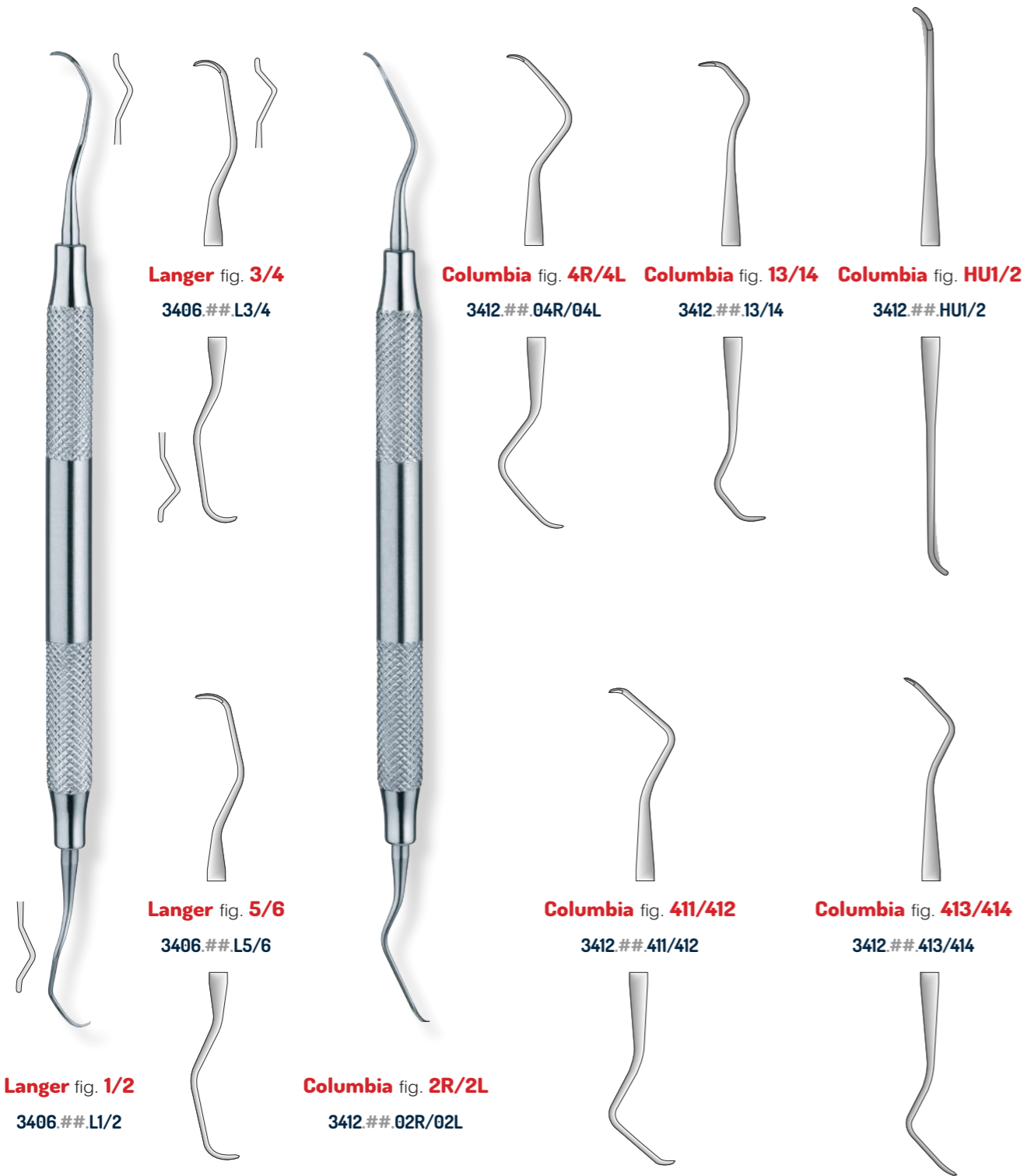


Gracey fig. 1/2 3400.##.01/02TIT
Gracey fig. 3/4 3400.##.03/04TIT
Gracey fig. 5/6 3400.##.05/06TIT
Gracey fig. 7/8 3400.##.07/08TIT
Gracey fig. 11/12 3400.##.11/12TIT
Gracey fig. 13/14 3400.##.13/14TIT



Langer fig. 1/2 3406.##.L1/2T
Langer fig. 3/4 3406.##.L3/4T
Langer fig. 5/6 3406.##.L5/6T
Columbia fig. 2R/2L 3412.##.02RL T
Columbia fig. 4R/4L 3412.##.04RL T





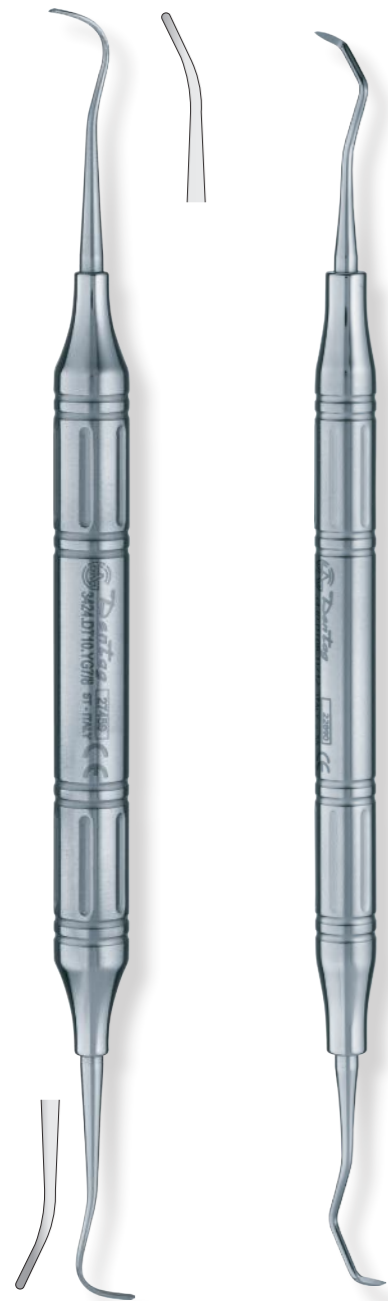
Curettes universali

A differenza delle gracey, le curettes universali hanno una punta angolata a 90° rispetto al gambo, le lame sono affilate su entrambi i lati, possono essere usate su tutte le superfici. Indicate per rimuovere lievi quantità di tartaro.

Universal curettes

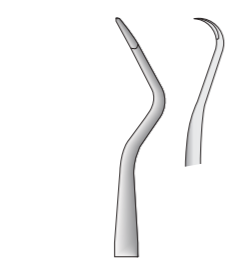
Unlike gracey curettes, universal curettes have a 90° angled tip with two cutting edges, and can be used on all surfaces. They are ideal for removing light and moderate amount of calculus.





Younger-Good fig. 7/8
3424.##.YG7/8

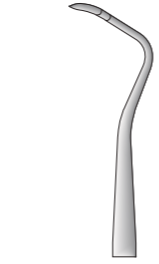
Mc Call fig. 11/12
3430.##.11/12



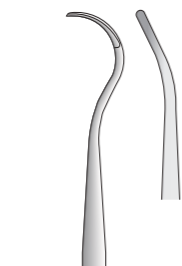
Mc Call fig. 11A/12A
3430.##.11A/12A



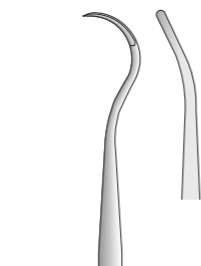
Mc Call fig. 13/14
3430.##.13/14



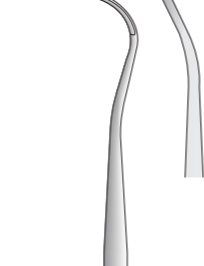
Mc Call fig. 13S/14S
3430.##.13S/14S



Mc Call fig. 17/18
3430.##.17/18



Mc Call fig. 17S/18S
3430.##.17S/18S



Mc Call fig. 19/20
3430.##.19/20



Barnhart fig. 1/2
3433.##.1/2



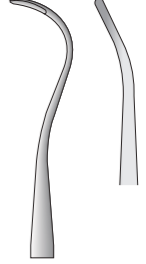
Barnhart fig. 5/6
3433.##.5/6



Rule fig. 3/4
3439.##.3/4



Indiana Un fig. 13/14
3442.##.IU13/14



Indiana Un fig. 17/18
3442.##.IU17/18

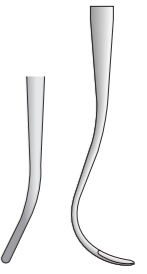


fig. M23
3445.##.M23



fig. M23A
3445.##.M23A



fig. M23B
3445.##.M23B



fig. M23S
3445.##.M23S





Quetin fig. 1
3443.##.01

Quetin fig. 2
3443.##.02

Quetin fig. 3
3443.##.03

fig. **ME-1**
3436.##.ME1

fig. **U15/30**
3458.##.U15/30

fig. **U15/33**
3458.##.U15/33

fig. **H5/33**
3458.##.H5/33

fig. **H6/H7**
3458.##.H6/H7

fig. **1R/1L**
3455.##.01R/01L



Crane-Kaplan fig. 6
3448.##.CK6

fig. **204**
3448.##.204

fig. **204S**
3448.##.204S

fig. **204SD**
3448.##.204SD

fig. **CI 2/3**
3448.##.CI2/3

Taylor fig. 2/3
3448.##.T2/3

fig. **U135**
3448.##.U135

Jaquette fig. 30/33
3451.##.30/33

Jaquette fig. 31/32
3451.##.31/32

Jaquette fig. 34/35
3451.##.34/35

Jaquette fig. 37/38
3451.##.37/38

Furcation Curettes



Scalers

Strumenti utili per rimuovere il tartaro profondo sopra gengivale. La particolarità degli scalers è di avere una punta a forma triangolare aguzza con bordi particolarmente taglienti, per questo motivo è sconsigliato usarli nel tratto sub – gengivale in quanto potrebbero causare lesioni al giunto epitale. Le punte possono essere curve o diritte.

Scalers

Instruments useful to remove heavy supra – gingival calculus. The distinctive feature of scalers is its triangular blade with particularly sharp cutting edges, for this reason they are not suited for sub – gingival ablation, as they can damage the epithelial junction. Tips can be curved (sickle scalers), or straight (jacquette scalers).



fig. **204SDT**
3448.##.204SDTIT

fig. **H6/H7**
3458.##.H6/H7TIT



35

1



3500.Y0.10

Original Arkansas Soft**Utilizzo:** con olio a bassa viscosità specifico per pietre naturali. Possibilità di uso a secco per rapidi utilizzi.**Pulizia:** strofinare la pietra con carta abrasiva e acqua.**Application:** with low viscosity oil, specific for natural stones. It can also be used dry for short utilization.**Cleaning:** rub stone with sandpaper and water.

3500.Y0.06A

Arkansas Hard**Utilizzo:** con olio puro a bassa viscosità specifico per pietre naturali.**Application:** with low viscosity oil, specific for natural stones.

3500.Y0.01